

zona resistiva u óhmica

$$V_P < v_{GS} < 0$$

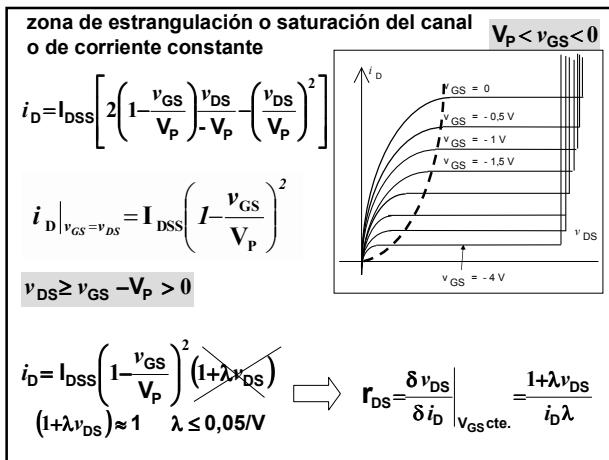
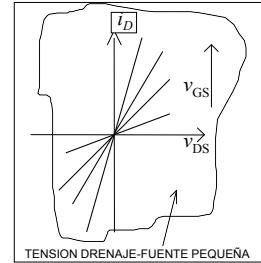
$$|v_{DS}| \leq |v_{GS} - V_P| > 0$$

$$i_D = I_{DSS} \left[2 \left(1 - \frac{v_{GS}}{V_P} \right) \frac{v_{DS}}{V_P} - \left(\frac{v_{DS}}{V_P} \right)^2 \right]$$

$$\text{Si } |v_{DS}| \ll |v_{GS} - V_P|$$

$$i_D \approx 2I_{DSS} \left(1 - \frac{v_{GS}}{V_P} \right) \frac{v_{DS}}{V_P}$$

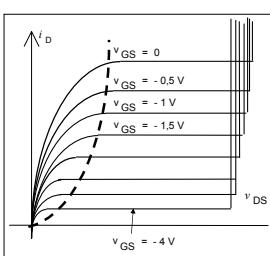
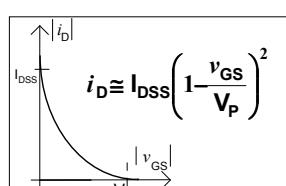
$$r_{D(ON)} = \frac{\delta v_{DS}}{\delta i_D} = \frac{1}{2} |V_P| I_{DSS}^{-1} \left(1 - \frac{v_{GS}}{V_P} \right)^{-1}$$



$$V_P < v_{GS} < 0 \quad |v_{DS}| \geq |v_{GS} - V_P| > 0$$

zona de estrangulación o saturación del canal o de corriente constante

$$i_D \Big|_{v_{GS}=v_{DS}} \approx I_{DSS} \left(1 - \frac{v_{GS}}{V_P} \right)^2$$



$$g_m = \frac{\delta i_D}{\delta v_{GS}} = \frac{2I_{DSS}}{V_P} \left(1 - \frac{v_{GS}}{V_P} \right)$$

$$r_{DS} = \frac{\delta v_{DS}}{\delta i_D} \Big|_{v_{GS} \text{ cte.}} = \frac{1 + \lambda v_{DS}}{i_D \lambda}$$

